UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORKX	
EDDY MELENDEZ, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Circil Assistan Na
Plaintiff,	Civil Action No.
-against-	COMPLAINT
LL FLOOR DESIGNS, INC. and LESTER LOCKWOOD,	
Defendants.	

Plaintiff Eddy Melendez, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by his attorneys, Katz Melinger PLLC, complaining of the defendants, LL Floor Designs, Inc. and Lester Lockwood (together, "Defendants"), respectfully alleges as follows:

## I. Nature of Action, Jurisdiction, and Venue

- 1. This is an action seeking equitable and legal relief for Defendants' violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq. ("FLSA") and the New York Labor Law §§ 190 et seq. and 650 et seq. ("NYLL").
- 2. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, in that this is an action arising under the FLSA.
- 3. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the claims arising under New York state law pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367, in that the New York state law claims are so closely related to Plaintiff's federal claims as to form the same case or controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.
- 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391, as a substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this judicial district, and

Defendants conduct business through their employees, including Plaintiff, within this judicial district.

#### II. Parties

- 5. Plaintiff is an individual residing in the state of New Jersey.
- 6. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was employed by Defendants.
- 7. While employed with Defendants, Plaintiff was regularly engaged in interstate commerce and/or in the production of goods for commerce.
- 8. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was a covered employee within the meaning of the FLSA and the NYLL.
- 9. LL Floor Designs, Inc. is a domestic business corporation with its principal place of business located at 175 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Suite 2285, New York, New York 10010.
- 10. LL Floor Designs, Inc. provides hardwood flooring design, flooring installation, and floor polishing services to commercial locations throughout New York and New Jersey.
- 11. Lester Lockwood is an individual residing, upon information and belief, in the state of New York.
- 12. At all relevant times, Lockwood was, and still is, an officer, director, owner, shareholder and/or person in control of LL Floor Designs, Inc. who exercises significant control over LL Floor Designs, Inc.'s operations. Lockwood has the authority to hire, fire, and discipline employees; set employees' work schedules and conditions of employment; determine the rate and method of pay for employees; and maintain employment records.
- 13. At all relevant times, Defendants were responsible for setting Plaintiff's schedule and day-to-day activities and for supervising his performance.

- 14. At all relevant times, Defendants had the power to discipline and terminate Plaintiff.
  - 15. At all relevant times, Defendants were responsible for compensating Plaintiff.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Defendants' revenues are in excess of the minimum required to fall within the jurisdiction of the FLSA.
  - 17. Defendants operate in interstate commerce.
  - 18. Defendants are subject to suit under the statutes alleged above.

#### **III. FLSA Collective Action Allegations**

- 19. The First Cause of Action in this Complaint, which arises out of the FLSA, is brought by Plaintiff on behalf of himself and similarly situated persons who were employed since the date six (6) years prior to the filing of this Complaint and who elect to opt-in to this action (the "FLSA Collective Plaintiffs").
- 20. The FLSA Collective Plaintiffs consist of no less than fifteen (15) similarly situated current and former workers employed by Defendants, who work or worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week and are or were victims of Defendants' common policies and practices that have violated their rights under the FLSA by, *inter alia*, willfully denying them overtime compensation.
- 21. As part of their regular business practices, Defendants have intentionally, willfully, and repeatedly harmed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs by engaging in a pattern, practice, and/or policy of violating the FLSA. This policy and pattern or practice include, *inter alia*, failing to pay employees at the applicable overtime rates for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) per week.

- 22. Defendants have engaged in their unlawful conduct pursuant to a corporate policy of minimizing labor costs and denying employees compensation.
- 23. Defendants' unlawful conduct has been intentional, willful and in bad faith, and has caused significant damages to Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs.
- 24. The FLSA Collective Plaintiffs would benefit from the issuance of a court-supervised notice of the present lawsuit and the opportunity to join the present lawsuit. Those similarly situated employees are known to Defendants, and are readily identifiable and locatable through Defendants' records. These similarly situated employees should be notified of and allowed to opt-in to this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

### IV. Factual Allegations on Behalf of Plaintiff

- 25. Defendants employed Plaintiff as a construction worker from in or around April 2018 until on or around April 11, 2022.
- 26. Plaintiff's job duties included pouring concrete into floors, designing flooring plans for customers, and polishing the flooring once installed.
- 27. Throughout his employment, Plaintiff's regularly scheduled hours were Mondays through Fridays from between approximately 5:00 a.m. until approximately 5:00 p.m., totaling an average of approximately sixty (60) hours per week.
- 28. Throughout his employment, Plaintiff was compensated at a fixed hourly rate for all hours worked, including those over forty (40) per week.
- 29. From in or around April 2018 until in and around April 2019, Defendants paid Plaintiff \$16 per hour for all hours worked, including those over forty (40) per week.
- 30. From in or around April 2019 through in or around April 2020, Defendants paid Plaintiff \$18 per hour for all hours worked, including those over forty (40) per week.

- 31. From in or around April 2020 through in or around April 2021, Defendants paid Plaintiff \$20 per hour for all hours worked, including those over forty (40) per week.
- 32. From in or around April 2021 until the end of Plaintiff's employment on or around April 11, 2022, Defendants paid Plaintiff \$24 per hour for all hours worked, including those over forty (40) per week.
- 33. Plaintiff was required to track his own hours and email the hours and days worked to Defendants every week, along with his pay rate and computation of money owed to him. Defendants paid Plaintiff every week through a mobile application.

#### V. Claims Common to Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs.

- 34. While employed with Defendants, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs were non-exempt employees pursuant to the FLSA, and were entitled to overtime compensation.
- 35. Despite routinely working in excess of forty (40) hours per week, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs were not paid overtime compensation of one and one-half (1.5) times their regular hourly rates or the applicable minimum wage, whichever is greater, for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) per week.
- 36. Instead, Defendants compensated Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs at a fixed hourly rate for all hours worked, including those worked over forty (40) per week.
- 37. Defendants violated the FLSA by willfully failing to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs the overtime compensation due them.
- 38. Defendants knew or should have known that their failure to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs overtime compensation violated the FLSA, and/or Defendants acted in reckless disregard of federal wage and hour laws.

39. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs sustained substantial damages from the acts and omissions described herein.

# AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF, INDIVIDUALLY, AND THE FLSA COLLECTIVE PLAINTIFFS

(Overtime Violations under the FLSA)

- 40. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, repeats and realleges all prior allegations set forth above.
- 41. Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the FLSA, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs were entitled to overtime compensation of one and one-half (1.5) times their regular hourly rate or the minimum wage, whichever is greater, for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) per week.
- 42. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs regularly worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week during their employment with Defendants.
- 43. Throughout the relevant time period, Defendants knowingly failed to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs overtime wages of one and one-half (1.5) times their regular hourly rate or the minimum wage, whichever is greater, for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) in a week.
- 44. As a result of Defendants' violations of the law and failure to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs the required overtime wages, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs have been damaged and are entitled to recover from Defendants all overtime wages due, along with all reasonable attorneys' fees, interest, and costs.
- 45. As Defendants did not have a good faith basis to believe that their failure to pay overtime wages complied with the law, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are entitled to liquidated damages equal to one-hundred percent (100%) of their unpaid wages.

46. Judgment should be entered in favor of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs and against Defendants on the First Cause of Action in the amount of their respective unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, interest, and such other legal and equitable relief as this Court deems just and proper.

## AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF

(Overtime Violations under the NYLL)

- 47. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all prior allegations set forth above.
- 48. Pursuant to the applicable provision of the NYLL, Plaintiff was entitled to overtime compensation of one and one-half (1.5) times his regular hourly rate of pay or the applicable minimum wage rate, whichever is greater, for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week.
- 49. Plaintiff regularly worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week during his employment with Defendants.
- 50. Throughout the relevant time period, Defendants knowingly failed to pay Plaintiff overtime wages of one and one-half (1.5) times his regular hourly rate of pay or the applicable minimum wage rate, whichever is greater, for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) hours in a week.
- 51. As a result of Defendants' violations of the law and failure to pay Plaintiff the required overtime wages, Plaintiff has been damaged and is entitled to recover from Defendants all overtime wages due, along with all reasonable attorneys' fees, interest, and costs.
- 52. As Defendants did not have a good faith basis to believe that their failure to pay overtime wages was in compliance with the law, Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages.
- 53. Judgment should be entered in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants on the Second Cause of Action in the amount of his unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages,

attorneys' fees, costs, interest, and such other legal and equitable relief as this Court deems just and proper.

# AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF

(Failure to Timely Pay Wages under the NYLL)

- 54. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all prior allegations set forth above.
- 55. Pursuant to the provisions of NYLL § 191(1)(a)(i), Plaintiff was entitled to be paid his earned wages weekly and not later than seven (7) days after the end of the week in which the wages were earned.
- 56. During the relevant time period, Defendants routinely failed to pay Plaintiff all of his earned wages in accordance with the NYLL.
- 57. During the relevant time period, Defendants failed to timely pay Plaintiff all his earned wages on a weekly basis and not later than seven (7) calendar weeks after the end of the week in which the wages were earned.
- 58. As a result of Defendants' violations of the law and failure to pay Plaintiff in accordance with NYLL § 191 (1)(a)(i), Plaintiff has been damaged and is entitled to recover from Defendants all wages due, along with all reasonable attorneys' fees, interest, and costs.
- 59. Judgment should be entered in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants on the Third Cause of Action for all wages due, liquidated damages, all reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, interest, and such other legal and equitable relief as this Court deems just and proper.

## AS AND FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF

(Failure to Provide Payroll Notices Under the NYLL)

- 60. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all prior allegations set forth above.
- 61. Defendants failed to furnish to Plaintiff, at his time of hire or at any time thereafter, notices containing his rate or rates of pay and basis thereof; allowances, if any, claimed as part of

the minimum wage; his regular pay day designated by the employer; and other information required by NYLL § 195(1).

- 62. As Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with payroll notices as required by NYLL § 195(1), Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages in the amount of \$50.00 per day in which the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00, along with all reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.
- 63. Judgment should be entered in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants on the Fourth Cause of Action in the amount of \$5,000.00, along with attorneys' fees, costs, interest, and such other legal and equitable relief as this Court deems just and proper.

# AS AND FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF

(Failure to Provide Wage Statements Under the NYLL)

- 64. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all prior allegations set forth above.
- 65. Throughout the relevant time period, Defendants failed to furnish to Plaintiff, with each wage payment, a statement listing: his regular and overtime rates of pay and basis thereof; the number of regular and overtime hours he worked; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; and net wages; in violation of NYLL § 195(3).
- 66. As Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with wage statements as required by NYLL § 195(3), Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages in the amount of \$250.00 per day for every day in which the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00, along with all reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.
- 67. Judgment should be entered in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants on the Fifth Cause of Action in the amount of \$5,000.00, along with attorneys' fees, costs, interest, and such other legal and equitable relief as this Court deems just and proper.

9

Page 10 of 10

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

a) on the First Cause of Action on behalf of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs for

all overtime wages due, liquidated damages, and all reasonable attorneys' fees in an

amount to be determined by this Court;

b) on the Second Cause of Action on behalf of Plaintiff for all overtime wages due, liquidated

damages, and all reasonable attorneys' fees in an amount to be determined by this Court;

c) on the Third Cause of Action on behalf of Plaintiff for all unpaid wages due, liquidated

damages, and all reasonable attorneys' fees in an amount to be determined by this Court;

d) on the Fourth Cause of Action for liquidated damages in the amount of \$50.00 per day in

which the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00, along with reasonable

attorneys' fees in an amount to be determined by this Court;

e) on the Fifth Cause of Action for liquidated damages in the amount of \$250.00 per day for

every day in which the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00, along with

reasonable attorney's fees in an amount to be determined by this Court;

f) interest;

g) costs and disbursements; and

h) such other and further relief as is just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York August 23, 2022

/s/ Eliseo Cabrera

Eliseo Cabrera

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